

Planar Graphs of Girth at least 5 are Square $(\Delta + 2)$ -Choosable

Daniel W. Cranston

Virginia Commonwealth University

dcranston@vcu.edu

Joint with Marthe Bonamy and Luke Postle

Slides available on my webpage

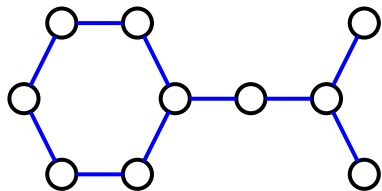
SIAM Discrete Math

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Background

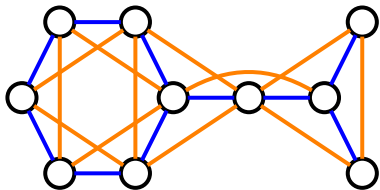
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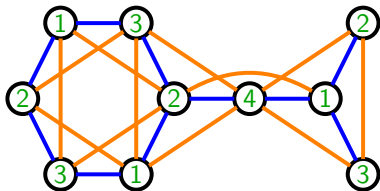
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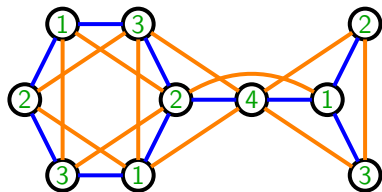
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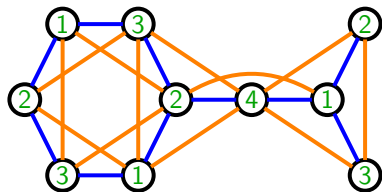
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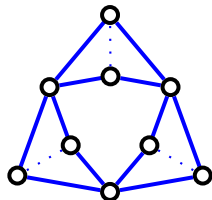


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Wegner's Conjecture:

If G is planar with maximum degree Δ ,

$$\chi(G^2) \leq \begin{cases} 7 & \text{if } \Delta = 3 \\ \Delta + 5 & \text{if } 4 \leq \Delta \leq 7 \\ \lfloor \frac{3}{2}\Delta + 1 \rfloor & \text{if } \Delta \geq 8 \end{cases}$$



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In particular, true for $\Delta \geq 2,689,601$.

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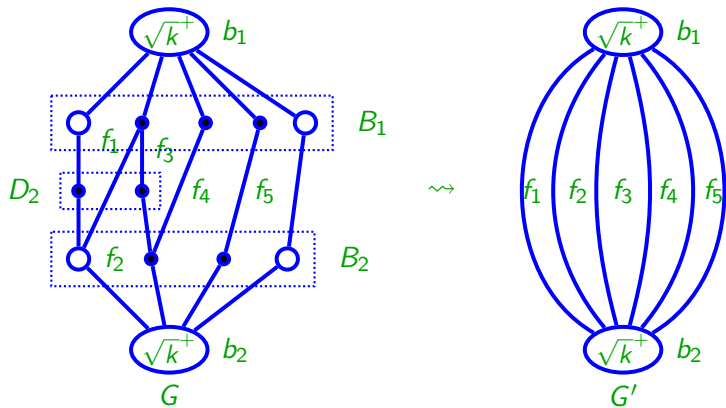
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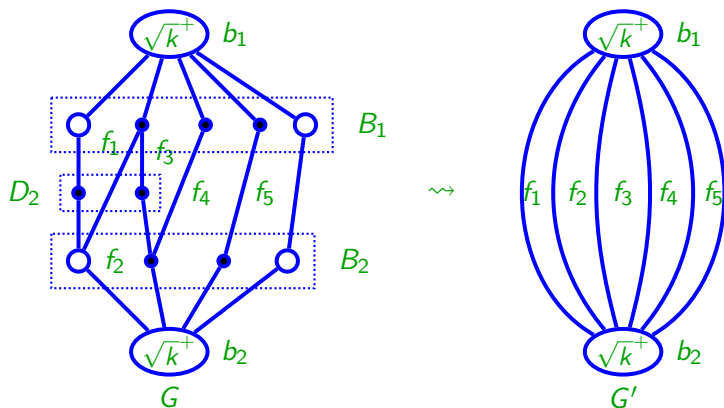
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$|N_2(v) - u| = d(w) + 1 \leq k + 1$. Recolor u , as $|N_2(u)| \leq 2 + \sqrt{k}$.

r-regions

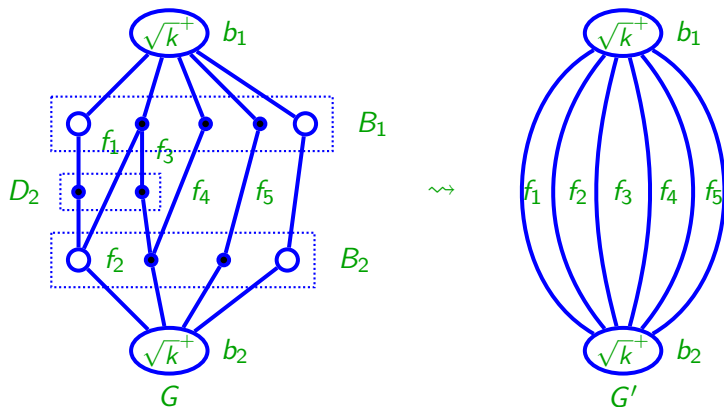


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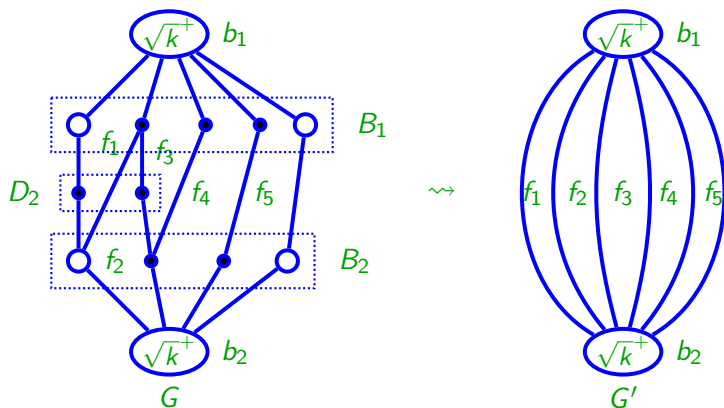
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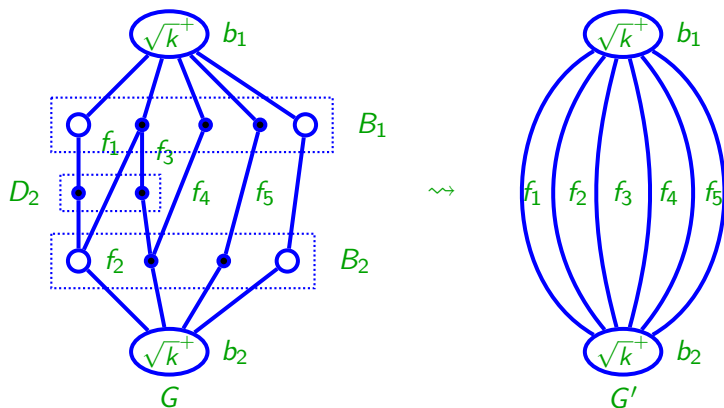
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Structural Thm: Let G be plane graph with girth ≥ 5 and $\Delta \geq 2.7 \times 10^6$. Let $k = \Delta$ and $B = \{v \in V(G) : d(v) \geq \sqrt{k}\}$. Now G contains one of the following configurations.

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